Parent Asset Letter 2015-2016

Student Name: _____________________
Student ID #:  _____________________

As you know, your financial aid file is in the process of being verified for 2015-2016. Verification involves the comparison of information reported on the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) with data submitted to the Internal Revenue Service on your Federal Tax Return. Please have your parent(s) complete the following information below and return this form to our office so we may continue processing your verification.

Based on the review of your parent’s 2014 Federal Tax Return, they are not eligible to file the 1040A/EZ tax form. However, the FAFSA application submitted does not reflect asset values. Please have your parent(s) complete the following information so it may be included on your FAFSA application. If the tax return indicates assets, a “∅” may not be an accepted value. For a more detailed explanation of what assets to report, see the second page.

* Value of Cash, Checking, & Savings Accounts $__________________________
(as of the original date your son/daughter filed the 2015-2016 FAFSA Application)

* Net worth (value minus debt) of real estate and investments $__________________________
(as of the original date your son/daughter filed the 2015-2016 FAFSA Application)

* Net worth (value minus debt) of business and/or investment farms $____________________
(as of the original date your son/daughter filed the 2015-2016 FAFSA Application)

☐ (Partnerships, Farms, and/or S Corps) Check here if your asset is a small business that your family owns and controls more than 50% of the business and the business has fewer than 100 full time or full time equivalent employees.

If desired, you may submit a brief explanation along with the above figures:

Explanation:

Certification: I certify that the information reported above is true and correct, to the best of my knowledge. Also I agree to provide additional documentation, if requested, based on how I answered the above questions.

Parent Signature  Date

If you have questions about how to fill out this form, please contact our office at (801) 581-6211. Please return the form to the Financial Aid Office, University of Utah, 201 S 1460 E, Rm 105, Salt Lake City, UT 84112, or you may fax it to (801) 585-6350.

Financial Aid Office
201 South 1460 East, Room 105
Salt Lake City, UT 84112-9055;
(801) 581-6211; Fax: (801) 585-6350
www.financialaid.utah.edu
Guidance for Reporting Asset information on the FAFSA Application

- An asset is property that is owned by the family and has an exchange value. A student or parent does not report as assets possessions such as a car, a stereo, clothes, or furniture.
- The FAFSA collects current (as of the day of signing the FAFSA) data about three types of assets in addition to cash, savings, and checking accounts: investments, businesses, and investment farms.
- Most assets are investments; examples include college savings plans, Coverdell savings accounts, real estate, installment and land sale contracts (including mortgages held), trust funds, mutual funds, money market funds, UGMA and UTMA accounts, certificates of deposit, stocks, stock options, bonds, commodities, and precious metals. If the asset isn’t a business or investment farm, it should be reported as an investment.
- A family’s principal place of residence is not reported as an asset, even if it is part of a business. Neither is a family farm reported as an asset—only investment farms are.
- The FAFSA asks for the net worth of investments, which is their total current market value minus their associated debts. If their net worth is negative, the student reports a zero.
- Similarly for businesses and investment farms, the current net worth is reported for land, buildings, machinery, equipment, livestock, and inventories. The current market value of a business or investment farm is reduced by the debt owed on it to determine the net worth. Business or farm debt means only those debts for which the business or farm was used as collateral.
- Family-owned and controlled small businesses (which can include farms) that have 100 or fewer full-time or full-time equivalent employees do not count as an asset.
- 529 Plans/Coverdell Savings: these Qualified Educational Benefits are the asset of the owner, not the Beneficiary. These are excluded from reported assets if the owner is a family member other than a parent. These are included if the owner is a dependent student.
- Trust Funds: Trust funds in the name of a student, spouse, or parent should be reported as that person’s asset on the application, generally even if the beneficiary’s access to the trust is restricted. If the settler of a trust has voluntarily placed restrictions on its use, then the student should report its present value as an asset. If a trust has been restricted by court order, however, the student should not report it.